



DO-003-1104009

Seat No. _____

M. Sc. (Sem. IV) Examination

March / April - 2022

Inorganic Chemistry : C(I)-403

(Bonding in Complexes)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 1104009

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Answer all questions.
(2) All questions carry equal marks.

1 Answer the following : (any seven) 14

- Discuss the magnetic moments of Ni^{+2} complexes.
- Explain J-J coupling.
- What is spin orbit coupling ?
- Determine S, M_L, L, M_L and J in d^3 configuration.
- Discuss the effect of spin orbit coupling on E terms.
- Give the use of Tanabe-Sugano diagram.
- Explain the splitting of d-orbital in Octahedral geometry.
- Name all the Racah Parameters with symbols and use.
- Give the equation to find out the normalized solution for $\Theta_{(\theta)}$ equation.
- What is hole formalism ?

2 Answer the following : (any two) 14

- Find out the ground state terms for d^2, d^9 configurations and calculate total multiplicity for each.
- What are Stepup and Stepdown operators? Derive $L < 3, -2 >$, from $L < 3, -1 >$.
- Construct the correlation diagram for d^2 in Oh weak field and strong Field.

3 Answer the following : (any two) 14

(a) Write note on Jahn-Teller effect.

(b) Show the effect of V_{oct} on θ part

$$\langle m/x^4 + y^4 + z^4/m \rangle = 5/7 r^4 \text{ when } m = m' \pm 0.$$

(c) Explain the Tanabe-Sugano diagram for d^4 and d^5 configurations.

(d) Show that $P_1 \cos \theta = 1/2(5 \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta)$, where $I = 3$.

4 Answer the following : 14

(a) Show that $\langle m/x^4 + y^4/m' \rangle = 1/8 r^4 \sin^4 \theta$ zero, where

$$m = m' \pm 4.$$

(b) Calculate energy of the integral $\langle \phi_2 \phi_1 | V_{\text{oct}} | \phi_2 \phi_1 \rangle$, where

$$\langle \phi_1 | V_{\text{oct}} | \phi_1 \rangle = -4Dq \text{ and } \langle \phi_2 | V_{\text{oct}} | \phi_2 \rangle = Dq.$$

5 Answer the following : 14

Derive the formula $V_{\text{oct}} = 6Ze^2/a + (X^4 + Y^4 + Z^4 - 3/5r^4)$ in Oh field.

OR

5 Answer the following : 14

(a) Show that the value of $P_1^{|m|}(\cos \theta) = 1$ where $I = 0$, $m = 0$.

(b) Show that $P_1 \cos \theta = 1/2(5 \cos^2 \theta - 1)$, where $I = 2$.